



Alfa Laval Moatti

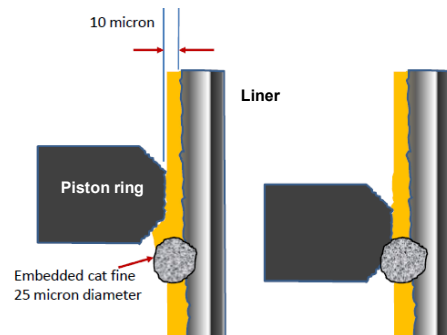
10µm FOフィルタ 触媒粒子からのエンジン保護と稼働年数の改善

Thomas Semeraro
Regional Business Manager
Filtration



触媒粒子の脅威

- ✳ 触媒粒子は非常に硬質
主機のシリンダライナやピストンリング
にかみ込み、摩耗を誘発
- ✳ 触媒粒子は様々なサイズ
特に10 μ m以上のものが主機に損傷を引
き起こす
- ✳ 触媒粒子は燃料ポンプ、インジェクタ、
バルブにも悪影響を及ぼす恐れ



主機メーカーからの推奨 (1)

• MAN D&T: Service Letter SL2017-638



SL2017-638

Service Letter SL2017-638/DOJA

MAN Diesel & Turbo



Dear Sirs,

Abrasive particles entering the combustion chamber of two-stroke diesel engines are a cause of wear. Cat fines (catalytic fines) are small, very hard particles originating from the refining process. In case of insufficient cleaning onboard, cat fines may enter the engine with the fuel and cause wear. The latest ISO marine fuel standard specifies levels of up to maximum 80 ppm Al + Si in the fuel (ISO 8217). Such a level would cause high wear compromising reliability in the combustion chamber, and as the fuel must be cleaned on board the ship before it reaches the engine.

This Service Letter specifies the recommended maximum acceptable level of cat fines entering the engine, which is as follows:

- Always keep the level as low as possible and, max. at 10 ppm Al + Si at engine inlet for short periods.

Some guidelines on optimal operation are also given:

- Remove the cat fines from the fuel by setting a high temperature trim, WPC and a low flow in the fuel separator.
- Enable proper cleaning of the tanks in service by making the overflow pipe in the service tank go to the bottom of the tank, and/or by using a separate line to recirculate the fuel to the settling tank.
- To be warned when the fuel system is not operating optimally, a 10 µm absolute fine filter should be installed in front of the engine.

More detailed information can be found in Ref. [1]. For questions or inquiries regarding the recommendations in this letter, contact our Question Department at: ask@mandt.dieselturbo.com

Yours faithfully,


Michael G Jensen
Vice President Engineering


Sigurd Solberg
Senior Manager Operation

Action code: WHEN CONVENIENT

Cleaning of Heavy Fuel Oil and Maximum 0.10% Sulphur Fuels
How to remove cat fines

SL2017-638/DOJA
February 2017

This SL replaces SL2005-452/KEA

Concerns

Owners and operators of MAN B&W two-stroke marine and stationary diesel engines.

Summary

Cat fines are small, very hard particles found in marine fuel. Cat fines can wear the engine down very fast, and they must be removed from the fuel by the fuel cleaning system on board the ship.

Recommendation:

Max. 10 ppm Al + Si at engine inlet for short periods



Cat fines (Al + Si) content entering the engine

Concerns

Owners and operators of MAN B&W two-stroke marine and stationary diesel engines.

Fuel fine filter in front of engine

Removal of cat fines from the fuel has to be done in fuel separators because of the substantial amount of dirt and cat fines present in the fuel.

However, as described above, a number of factors may impact the separation efficiency. **Therefore, to protect the engine, we specify a 10-µm fine filter before the engine as standard.** **The filter should be a max. 10-µm (absolute) full-flow automatic back-flushing filter positioned in the high-temperature fuel recirculation system, see Fig. 8.** **Alternatively it can be positioned in the supply system.**

Head office (in Norway address):
MAN Diesel & Turbo
Schmiedestraße 1
D-42699 Solingen
Germany
Phone: +49 (0) 212 11 0
Fax: +49 (0) 212 11 0 100
E-mail: ask@mandt.dieselturbo.com
www.mandt.dieselturbo.com

Producers

Japan: info@mandt.jp
USA: info@mandt.usa
China: info@mandt.cn
India: info@mandt.in
Brazil: info@mandt.br
Russia: info@mandt.ru
Korea: info@mandt.kr
Australia: info@mandt.au
New Zealand: info@mandt.nz
South Africa: info@mandt.za
Egypt: info@mandt.eg
Israel: info@mandt.il
Turkey: info@mandt.tr
Greece: info@mandt.gr
Italy: info@mandt.it
Spain: info@mandt.es
France: info@mandt.fr
Germany: info@mandt.de
Netherlands: info@mandt.nl
Belgium: info@mandt.be
Luxembourg: info@mandt.lu
Austria: info@mandt.at
Switzerland: info@mandt.ch
Sweden: info@mandt.se
Denmark: info@mandt.dk
Finland: info@mandt.fi
Poland: info@mandt.pl
Czech Republic: info@mandt.cz
Slovak Republic: info@mandt.sk
Slovenia: info@mandt.si
Hungary: info@mandt.hu
Croatia: info@mandt.hr
Serbia: info@mandt.rs
Bosnia and Herzegovina: info@mandt.ba
Montenegro: info@mandt.me
Albania: info@mandt.al
Macedonia: info@mandt.mk
Bulgaria: info@mandt.bg
Romania: info@mandt.ro
Ukraine: info@mandt.ua
Belarus: info@mandt.by
Lithuania: info@mandt.lt
Latvia: info@mandt.lv
Estonia: info@mandt.ee
Ireland: info@mandt.ie
Portugal: info@mandt.pt
Greece: info@mandt.gr
Cyprus: info@mandt.cy
Malta: info@mandt.mt
Slovakia: info@mandt.sk
Slovenia: info@mandt.si
Hungary: info@mandt.hu
Croatia: info@mandt.hr
Serbia: info@mandt.rs
Bosnia and Herzegovina: info@mandt.ba
Montenegro: info@mandt.me
Albania: info@mandt.al
Macedonia: info@mandt.mk
Bulgaria: info@mandt.bg
Romania: info@mandt.ro
Ukraine: info@mandt.ua
Belarus: info@mandt.by
Lithuania: info@mandt.lt
Latvia: info@mandt.lv
Estonia: info@mandt.ee
Ireland: info@mandt.ie
Portugal: info@mandt.pt
Greece: info@mandt.gr
Cyprus: info@mandt.cy
Malta: info@mandt.mt

Distributors

Japan: info@mandt.jp
USA: info@mandt.usa
China: info@mandt.cn
India: info@mandt.in
Brazil: info@mandt.br
Russia: info@mandt.ru
Korea: info@mandt.kr
Australia: info@mandt.au
New Zealand: info@mandt.nz
South Africa: info@mandt.za
Egypt: info@mandt.eg
Israel: info@mandt.il
Turkey: info@mandt.tr
Greece: info@mandt.gr
Italy: info@mandt.it
Spain: info@mandt.es
France: info@mandt.fr
Germany: info@mandt.de
Netherlands: info@mandt.nl
Belgium: info@mandt.be
Luxembourg: info@mandt.lu
Austria: info@mandt.at
Switzerland: info@mandt.ch
Sweden: info@mandt.se
Denmark: info@mandt.dk
Finland: info@mandt.fi
Poland: info@mandt.pl
Czech Republic: info@mandt.cz
Slovak Republic: info@mandt.sk
Slovenia: info@mandt.si
Hungary: info@mandt.hu
Croatia: info@mandt.hr
Serbia: info@mandt.rs
Bosnia and Herzegovina: info@mandt.ba
Montenegro: info@mandt.me
Albania: info@mandt.al
Macedonia: info@mandt.mk
Bulgaria: info@mandt.bg
Romania: info@mandt.ro
Ukraine: info@mandt.ua
Belarus: info@mandt.by
Lithuania: info@mandt.lt
Latvia: info@mandt.lv
Estonia: info@mandt.ee
Ireland: info@mandt.ie
Portugal: info@mandt.pt
Greece: info@mandt.gr
Cyprus: info@mandt.cy
Malta: info@mandt.mt

Representatives

Japan: info@mandt.jp
USA: info@mandt.usa
China: info@mandt.cn
India: info@mandt.in
Brazil: info@mandt.br
Russia: info@mandt.ru
Korea: info@mandt.kr
Australia: info@mandt.au
New Zealand: info@mandt.nz
South Africa: info@mandt.za
Egypt: info@mandt.eg
Israel: info@mandt.il
Turkey: info@mandt.tr
Greece: info@mandt.gr
Italy: info@mandt.it
Spain: info@mandt.es
France: info@mandt.fr
Germany: info@mandt.de
Netherlands: info@mandt.nl
Belgium: info@mandt.be
Luxembourg: info@mandt.lu
Austria: info@mandt.at
Switzerland: info@mandt.ch
Sweden: info@mandt.se
Denmark: info@mandt.dk
Finland: info@mandt.fi
Poland: info@mandt.pl
Czech Republic: info@mandt.cz
Slovak Republic: info@mandt.sk
Slovenia: info@mandt.si
Hungary: info@mandt.hu
Croatia: info@mandt.hr
Serbia: info@mandt.rs
Bosnia and Herzegovina: info@mandt.ba
Montenegro: info@mandt.me
Albania: info@mandt.al
Macedonia: info@mandt.mk
Bulgaria: info@mandt.bg
Romania: info@mandt.ro
Ukraine: info@mandt.ua
Belarus: info@mandt.by
Lithuania: info@mandt.lt
Latvia: info@mandt.lv
Estonia: info@mandt.ee
Ireland: info@mandt.ie
Portugal: info@mandt.pt
Greece: info@mandt.gr
Cyprus: info@mandt.cy
Malta: info@mandt.mt

Service Centers

Japan: info@mandt.jp
USA: info@mandt.usa
China: info@mandt.cn
India: info@mandt.in
Brazil: info@mandt.br
Russia: info@mandt.ru
Korea: info@mandt.kr
Australia: info@mandt.au
New Zealand: info@mandt.nz
South Africa: info@mandt.za
Egypt: info@mandt.eg
Israel: info@mandt.il
Turkey: info@mandt.tr
Greece: info@mandt.gr
Italy: info@mandt.it
Spain: info@mandt.es
France: info@mandt.fr
Germany: info@mandt.de
Netherlands: info@mandt.nl
Belgium: info@mandt.be
Luxembourg: info@mandt.lu
Austria: info@mandt.at
Switzerland: info@mandt.ch
Sweden: info@mandt.se
Denmark: info@mandt.dk
Finland: info@mandt.fi
Poland: info@mandt.pl
Czech Republic: info@mandt.cz
Slovak Republic: info@mandt.sk
Slovenia: info@mandt.si
Hungary: info@mandt.hu
Croatia: info@mandt.hr
Serbia: info@mandt.rs
Bosnia and Herzegovina: info@mandt.ba
Montenegro: info@mandt.me
Albania: info@mandt.al
Macedonia: info@mandt.mk
Bulgaria: info@mandt.bg
Romania: info@mandt.ro
Ukraine: info@mandt.ua
Belarus: info@mandt.by
Lithuania: info@mandt.lt
Latvia: info@mandt.lv
Estonia: info@mandt.ee
Ireland: info@mandt.ie
Portugal: info@mandt.pt
Greece: info@mandt.gr
Cyprus: info@mandt.cy
Malta: info@mandt.mt

主機メーカーからの推奨 (2)

- Wärtsilä: Technical bulletin RT-140 29/11/2012



RT-140



Wärtsilä low-speed engines
Services 2-stroke

TECHNICAL BULLETIN

RT-140
Issue 1, 29-11-2012

Catalyst fines in fuel oils

Information to all Owners and Operators of all
Wärtsilä 2-stroke engines

Heat opportunity

Introduction

Catalyst fines in fuel oils might lead to high piston ring and cylinder liner wear.

Current situation

Bunkered fuel oils often contain catalyst fines of a size which exceed the limits given in Wärtsilä recommendations at engine inlet.

Solutions

To avoid excessive wear on piston rings, cylinder liners and other moving engine parts in contact with fuel oil, the guidelines as described in this bulletin must be followed. Especially important is the correct fuel oil treatment.

Notes

Wärtsilä recommends installing a 10 micron filter in order to minimize the number of the most dangerous catalyst fines in the fuel oil and to indicate a proper separation efficiency. Even with a 10 micron filter a 100% elimination of catalyst fines cannot be achieved.

This Technical Bulletin supersedes Service Bulletin (S-B), dated 26.10.00, entitled "Catalyst Fines in Heavy Fuel Oil". It also supersedes Service Letter RT-01/06, dated 27.01.2006, entitled "Catalytic Fines and Separation Efficiency".

Information to all Owners and Operators of all Wärtsilä 2-stroke engines

Solutions

To avoid excessive wear on piston rings, cylinder liners and other moving engine parts in contact with fuel oil, the guidelines as described in this bulletin must be followed. Especially important is the correct fuel oil treatment.

Notes

Wärtsilä recommends installing a 10 micron filter in order to minimize the number of the most dangerous catalyst fines in the fuel oil



Wärtsilä Switzerland Ltd.
PO Box 414
CH-8401 Winterthur

Tel (24h): +41 52 262 80 10
Fax: +41 52 262 07 31
technicalsupport.ch@wartsila.com

主機メーカからの推奨 (3)

• MAN D&T: Service letter SL SL2016-615/JFH



MAN Service
Letter

Service Letter SL2016-615/JFH

MAN Diesel & Turbo



Dear Sirs

MAN Diesel & Turbo has observed a number of incidents with high wear rates and damage to the fuel injection pumps / fuel injectors after only a few hundred running hours.

The poor performance of worn fuel injection pumps / fuel injectors affects the overall performance of the engine and causes the onset of fouling of the combustion chamber, exhaust gas ducts and turbine section of the turbocharger.

In order to maintain a trouble-free and safe operation of the engine MAN Diesel & Turbo requires that the onboard fuel oil cleaning system is able to bring down the particle content of bunkers fuel oil from 80 ppm to 20 ppm and specifically the catalytic fine content to maximum 15 ppm with a maximum particle size of 5 microns thereby defining the efficiency of the system. If fuel oil with a lower content of particles are bunkered consequently a lower level of particles will remain after treatment.

To ensure the correct cleanliness of the fuel oil and thereby protect the auxiliary engines against abrasive particles and impurities in the fuel oil, a 10 µm absolute/sphere passing mesh automatic backflush filter must be installed in the fuel oil booster/circulation system before the branch off to each auxiliary engine. The automatic backflush filter will also serve as an indication of failures in the fuel oil cleaning system and it removes self-generated contamination in the fuel oil booster/circulation system. Installing the 10 µm backflush filter has in more cases extended the service hours of the fuel injection nozzles from as low as 400 to at least 8000 hours.

Yours faithfully


Michael C. Jensen

Vice President
Engineering


Jens Heij

Mechanical Engineer,
Operation

MAN Diesel & Turbo
P.O. Box 100
4000 Tjebbe
The Netherlands
Phone: +45 54 50 10 00
Fax: +45 54 50 10 00
man.dieselturbo@alfalaval.com

MAN Diesel & Turbo
Box 100
4000 Tjebbe
The Netherlands
Phone: +45 54 50 10 00
Fax: +45 54 50 10 00
man.dieselturbo@alfalaval.com

Action code: WHEN CONVENIENT

Fuel Oil Backflushing Filter

SL2016-615/JFH
May 2016

Concerns

Owners and operators of
MAN four-stroke diesel engines,
identical types L20/24, L21/20, L23/20H,
L27/38, L28/32H, V28/32S

Summary

Installing an automatic backflush filter
in the fuel oil booster/circulation system
protects the engine against abrasive
particles and impurities in the fuel oil.

Reference is made to:

Engine – operating manual
010.000.023-05 Specification of heavy
fuel oil (HFO) and
010.000.023-14 Analysis of operating
fluids.



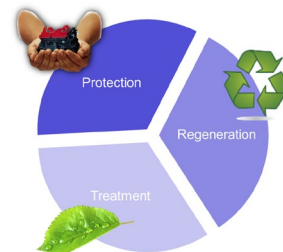
Excessive wear of fuel injector
(nozzle hole)

MAN Diesel & Turbo
Box 100
4000 Tjebbe
The Netherlands
Phone: +45 54 50 10 00
Fax: +45 54 50 10 00
man.dieselturbo@alfalaval.com

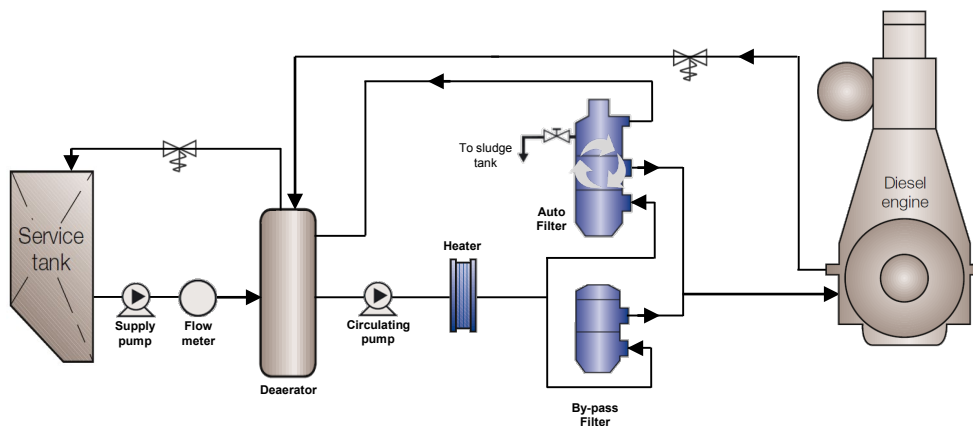
Owners and operators of MAN four-stroke diesel engines.

To ensure the correct cleanliness of the fuel oil and thereby protect the auxiliary engines against abrasive particles and impurities in the fuel oil, a 10 µm (absolute/sphere passing mesh) automatic backflush filter must be installed in the fuel oil booster/circulation system before the branch off to each auxiliary engine. The automatic backflush filter will also serve as an indication of failures in the fuel oil cleaning system and it removes self-generated contamination in the fuel oil booster/circulation system. Installing the 10 µm backflush filter has in more cases extended the service hours of the fuel injection nozzles from as low as 400 to at least 8000 hours.

Alfa Laval Moatti - 特徴



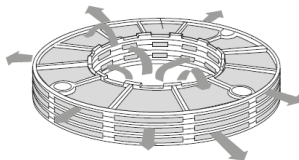
処理： 自動濾過と一体型ダイバーションチャンバ
→ 濾過された逆洗油が再循環



再生： 連続逆洗

保護： 10 μ mメッシュー
主機の直前に設置されたファイン
メッシュフィルタ

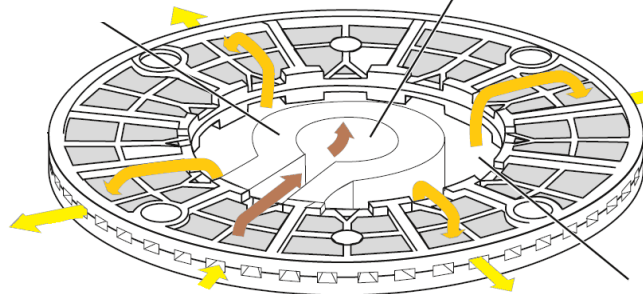
濾過の仕組み



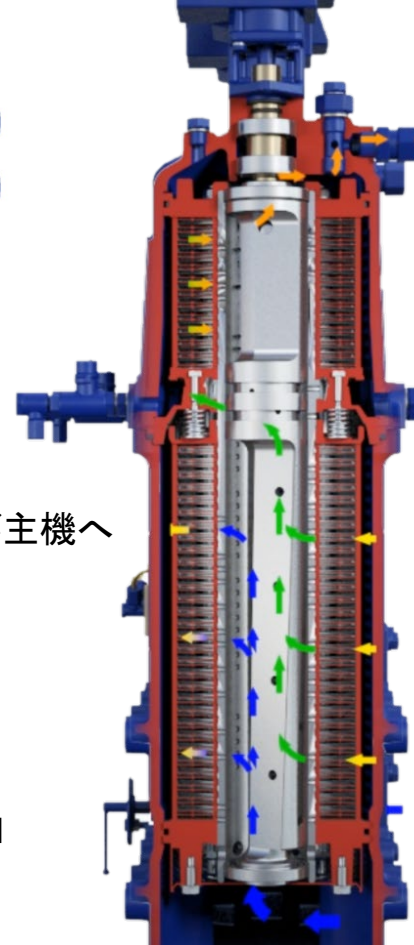
ディストリビュータ

逆洗油

濾過された油が主機へ

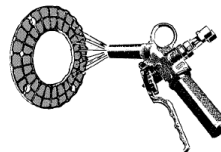
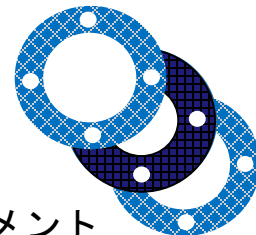
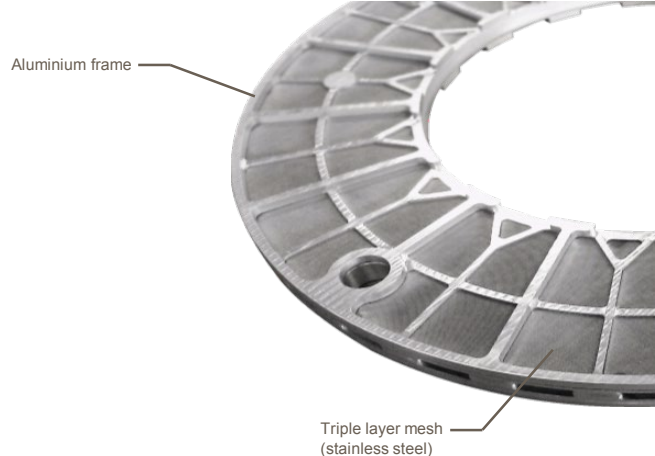


濾過前の油



主要な利点

- * 10 µmメッシュ（絶対値）
- * 連続逆洗の技術
- * 自動かつ一体型ダイバーションチャンバ
- * 逆洗には濾過した清浄油を使用（エア不要）
- * 低メンテナンスコスト – 長期間使用可能なフィルタエレメント
- * 容易なメンテナンスと洗浄



アップグレードの利点

34 μ mフィルタから10 μ mフィルタへのアップグレード



Alfa Laval Moatti 10 μ m FOフィルタ

- ✓ より小さな設置面積
- ✓ より細かな粒子の濾過 (よりよい主機の保護)
- ✓ 燃料ロスの低減 (逆洗油の再循環)



燃料油の取り扱い

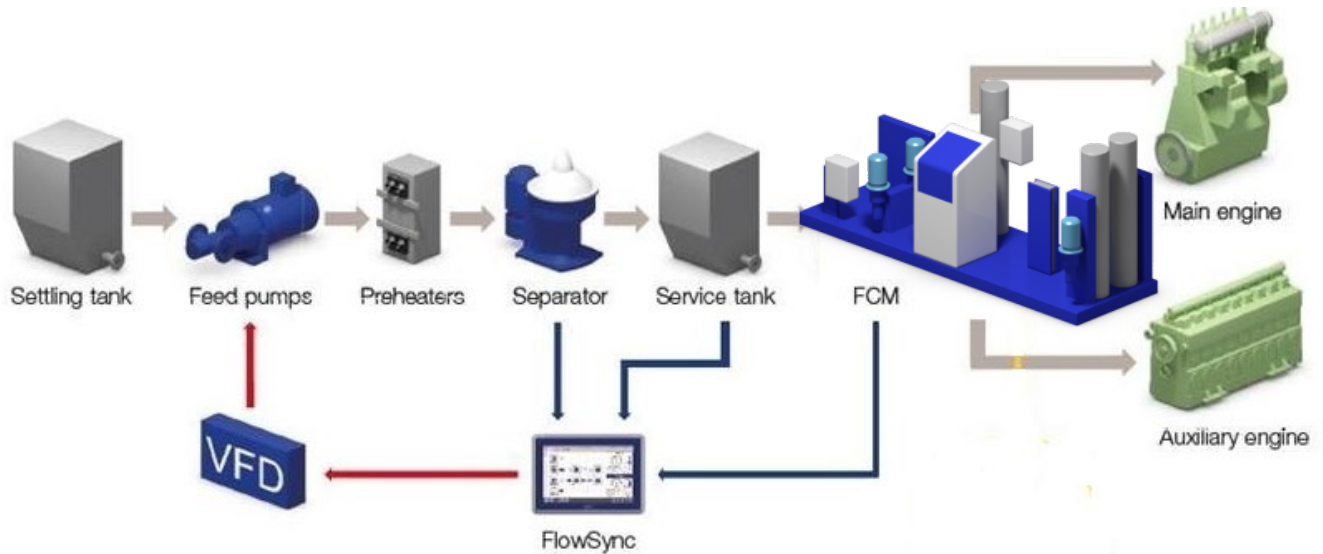
アルファ・ラバル 燃料油コンディショニングシステム

Cynthia Gong

Regional Business Manager

FCM Marine Separation

The adaptive fuel line – Alfa Laval FCM



Alfa Laval FCM

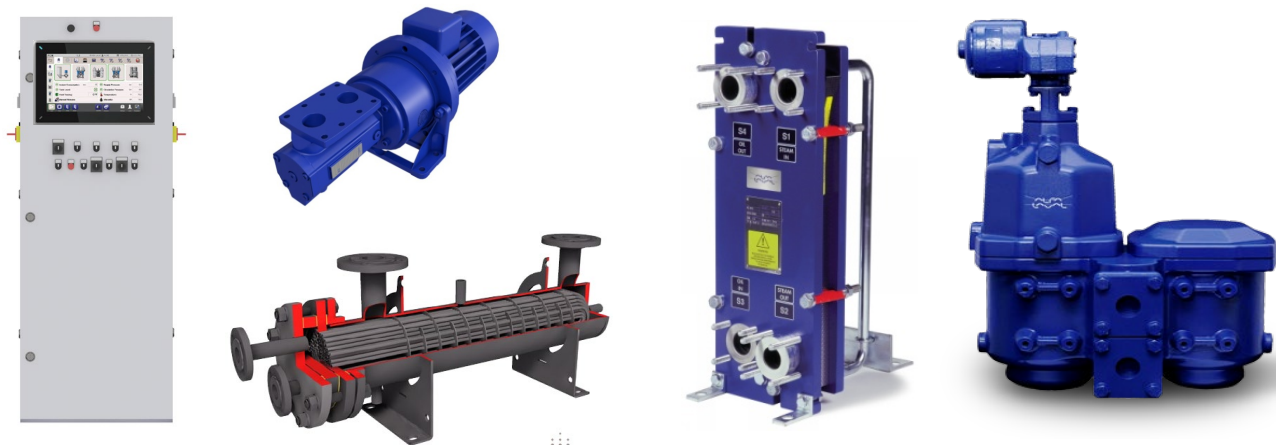
Fuel Conditioning Systems / Booster unit (以下 FCM) とは？

- サービスタンクから主機に供給される燃料油の適切な調整
- 主機の仕様にマッチする燃料油を最適な流量、圧力、粘度で供給
- 多岐に亘る燃料油やそれらのブレンド油を管理できるように設計、必要に応じた燃料油切り替えを管理

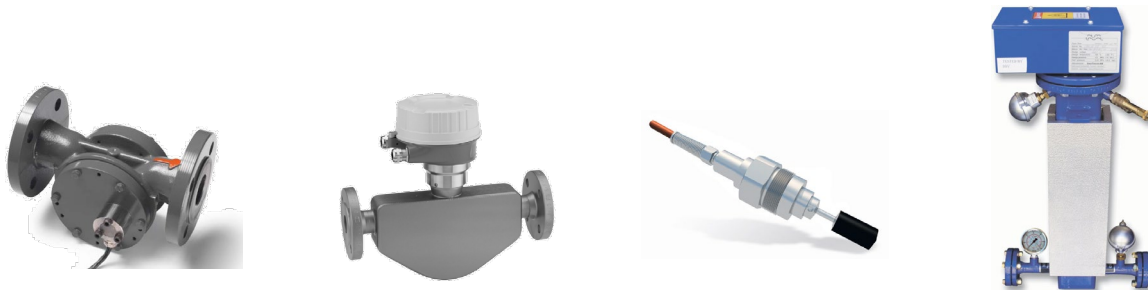


Alfa Laval FCM – 主要な構成機器

主要部分には当社の機器を使用



その他の重要部品には、信頼のあるサプライヤの機器で構成



Alfa Laval FCM – 利点

各種燃料油に対する適応性

- 自動かつ遠隔操作の燃料油切り替え
- 最大4種類までの燃料油自動管理が可能
- それぞれの油の調整に対応したパラメータ



安全なオペレーション

- 簡単なインターフェース、モジュール設計
- 主機メーカーの要求に準じた安全な燃料油切り替えプロセス

ワールドワイドネットワーク

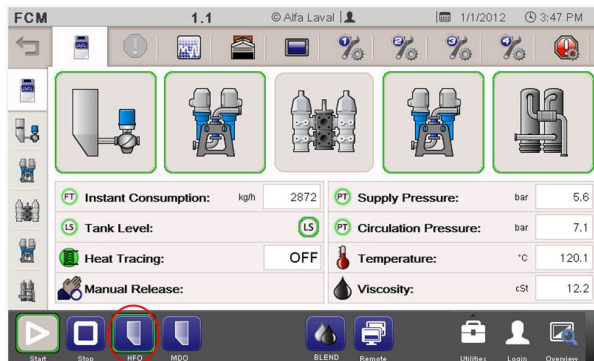
- 重要な機器をアシストするための世界的サービスネットワーク
- 予備品供給体制の充実（グローバルな供給体制）



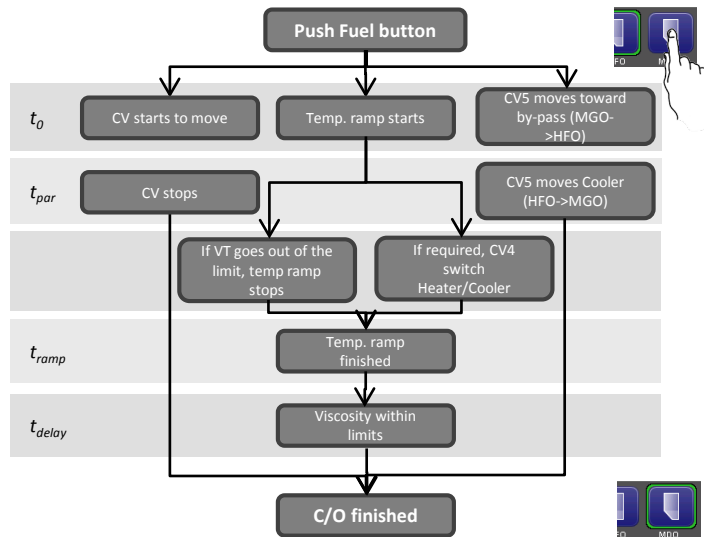
Alfa Laval FCM – 制御された燃料油切り替え

制御された燃料油切り替えを確立

- 全自動燃料油切り替え
- タッチパネルによる安全かつ簡単なオペレーション
- 燃料油切り替え時の温度調整、粘度制限についても設定可能



Current Fuel



要約


Alfa Laval FCM, link to 2020 Fuels



多岐に
亘る
燃料油

Fuel Flexibility

- ✳ 自動で安全な燃料切り替え
- ✳ 最大4種類までの燃料油の調整可能
- ✳ 安定性並びに適合性の問題回避



触媒粒子

Engine Protection

- ✳ エンジン直前の10 µm Moatti Filter

