

How to maintain a spiral heat exchanger

Simple service maximizes uptime



A spiral heat exchanger has two concentric, countercurrent spiral channels, one for each fluid. The curving channels provide extremely efficient heat transfer and good flow conditions for a wide variety of fluids. The design is particularly suitable for use with fouling,

fibrous, viscous and coarse fluids.

The continuously curving single channel creates a turbulent flow. This results in a self-cleaning effect



that prevents fouling deposits from forming – which helps minimize downtime for maintenance purposes.

Should the spiral heat exchanger ever require manual cleaning, this can be done quickly and conveniently using a hydroblaster or Alfa Laval's CIP (Cleaning In Place) unit. The entire heat-transfer area is easily accessible behind the wide-opening, easily removed front cover.



How to back-flush the spiral heat exchanger

- Arrange hose connections and valves so that the unit can be operated in reverse for fixed periods of time.
- Flush the unit with cleaning agent in reverse flow to the normal operation of the circuit.
- The flow pressure should be higher than normal while flushing.
- Flush for 15-30 minutes.
- If necessary, flush the other circuit in the same way.

How to open the spiral heat exchanger

 Make sure both circuits are de-pressurized before opening.



- Remove the bolts or hook bolts from the front cover.
- Swing the cover open using the handle or the lifting lugs.

How to perform mechanical cleaning

- Place the unit in horizontal position.
- Clean the channels, one by one, with high-pressure water – up to 800-1000 barg. Use a nozzle with rotating head or concentrated jet (hydroblast gun or cleaning bar).
- Use hot water (50-60°C) for enhanced efficiency.
- Verify the result, either visually or by inserting a bar in the channel.



How to replace the gasket and close the spiral heat exchanger

- When mounting, make sure the positioning marks on the cover and the gasket holder match.
- Clean and lubricate the hook bolts for better tightening.
- Fit the gasket to the two gasket holders on the cover and close the cover, still strapped.
- Distribute the hook bolts around the edge of the cover at equal intervals and tighten them manually. Check the correct number of hook bolts with the unit's name plate.
- Tighten opposing hook bolts diagonally.
- Loosen the straps from the cover.

Trouble-shooting

| Symptom | Possible reason | Solution |
|---|--|---|
| Inadequate thermal performance at start-up | - Air pockets - Insufficient service fluid (e.g. cooling water) | - Vent the unit - Check flow rates and temperatures |
| Decreasing thermal performance (possibly in conjunction with an increased pressure drop or a reduced flow rate) | - Fouling on heat-transfer surface | - Clean the unit and adjust flow rates to specified levels |
| Decreasing thermal performance with unchanged or reduced pressure drop | Bypass from one turn to the other caused by damaged cover gasket Excessive operating pressure | Replace the cover gasket Adjust pressure to specified level |
| Excessive pressure drop with maintained thermal performance | - Inlet or outlet is blocked | - Backflush or clean the spiral |
| External leakage | Damaged cover gasket Insufficient pipe support Relaxation of cover gasket during shut-down or shipment Thermal expansion during start-up | Replace the cover gasket Adjust pipe support system Tighten hook bolts Tighten hook bolts. If leakage persists, check cover gasket |
| Internal leakage | Heat-transfer surface is damaged by erosion, corrosion or mechanical impact | - Contact Alfa Laval for advice. Field repair may be possible |

(For detailed information on how to open, close and maintain a spiral heat exchanger, please refer to the Instruction Manual.)

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