

**SECTION 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking**

<b>GHS product identifier:</b>	Battery pack containing sealed lead acid batteries
<b>Other Names:</b>	Battery pack or accumulator pack with Valve Regulated Lead Acid Battery - Wet, Non-Spillable
<b>Model Numbers:</b>	APC-RBCXXX(L)(-AAA) or SYBTXXX(-AAA) (where XXX is 001 through 999 and APC, L, -AAA are optional and AAA is a two or three letter customer or country code) or YYYY(XXX)BP (where YYYY is SU, SUA, SCR, SRT, UX, UXA or SURT and XXX is 24, 48 or 192)
<b>Product Type:</b>	Battery pack is a manufactured article consisting of a plastic and metal sealed case containing one or more sealed lead acid battery connected by wires. Solid.

**Identified uses**

Relevant identified use(s): Electric Storage Battery  
 Use(s) advised against: Transportation

**Manufacturer**

<b>Supplier/Manufacturer:</b>	Schneider Electric IT USA (formerly APC by Schneider Electric, APC Sales and Service Corp.)
<b>Address:</b>	132 Fairgrounds Road West Kingston, RI 02892
<b>Telephone:</b>	800-788-2208 or 401-789-5735
<b>E-mail:</b>	<a href="http://nam-en.apc.com/app/ask">http://nam-en.apc.com/app/ask</a>
<b>Website:</b>	www.APC.com
<b>Telecopy:</b>	Not available.

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)**

800-788-2208

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

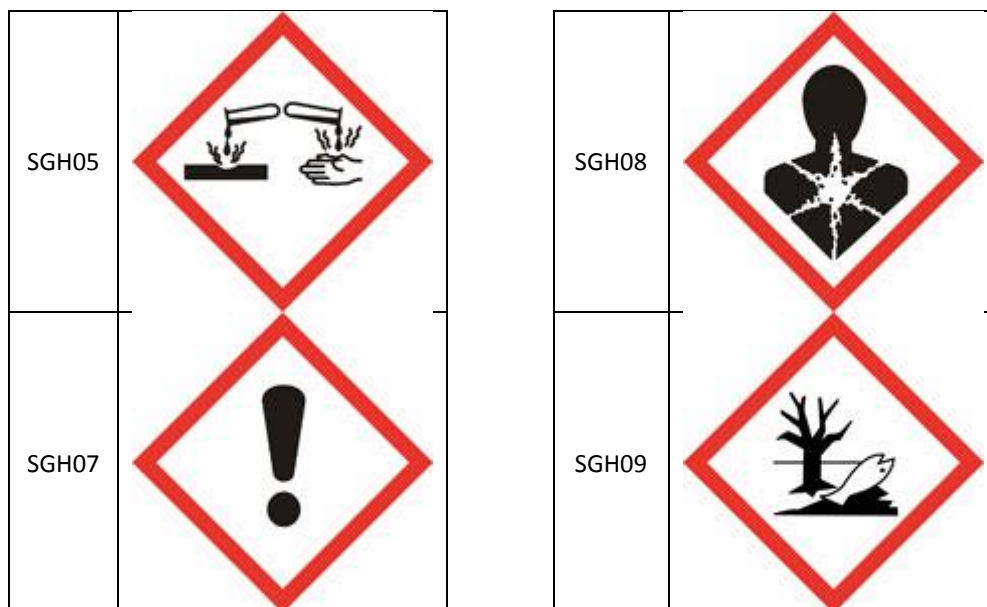
**2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture:**

**According to CLP No 1272/2008:**

- Acute Toxicity Oral 4 - H302
- Skin Corrosion 1A - H314
- Reproductive Toxicity 1A - H360Df
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 2 - H373
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment Acute 1 - H400
- Hazardous to the aquatic environment Chronic 1 - H410

**2.2 GHS label elements:**

**Signal Word: DANGER**



#### Hazard Statements

<b>H302</b>	Harmful if swallowed.
<b>H314</b>	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
<b>H360Df</b>	May damage the unborn child. Suspected of damaging fertility.
<b>H373</b>	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
<b>H400</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life.
<b>H410</b>	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

#### Precautionary statements

<b>P201</b>	Obtain special instructions before use.
<b>P202</b>	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
<b>P260</b>	Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.
<b>P264</b>	Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>P270</b>	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
<b>P280</b>	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
<b>P281</b>	Use personal protective equipment as required.
<b>P273</b>	Avoid release to the environment.
<b>P304 + P340</b>	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
<b>P303 + P361 + P353</b>	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
<b>P310</b>	Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
<b>P321</b>	Specific treatment, see supplemental first aid information.
<b>P363</b>	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
<b>P305 + P351 + P338</b>	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
<b>P301 + P312</b>	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
<b>P330</b>	Rinse mouth.

<b>P331</b>	Do NOT induce vomiting.
<b>P314</b>	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
<b>P308 + P313</b>	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
<b>P391</b>	Collect spillage.
<b>P405</b>	Store locked up.
<b>P501</b>	Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

### 2.3 Other hazards

According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) this material is considered hazardous.

### 2.4 Other information

Acid batteries used in APC by Schneider Electric Replacement Battery Cartridges (RBCs) are contained within cartridges and are sealed, non-spillable design. Under normal use and handling, there is no contact with the internal components of the battery or the chemical hazards. Under normal use and handling, these products do not emit regulated or hazardous substances. Misuse of the product, such as overcharging, may result in a discharge of battery electrolyte. Classification provided are for the battery electrolyte and are only applicable in the event that the electrolyte is discharged.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1 Substances

The material does not meet the criteria of a substance in accordance with regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Chemical Name	CAS Number	EC Number	Composition (%)	Classification
Lead	7439-92-1	231-100-4	55,9 – 63,4 %	Annex VI: Acute Tox. 4, H332; Acute Tox. 4, H302; Repr. 1A, H360df; STOT RE 2, H373; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	231-639-5	15,8 – 20,5 %	Annex VI, Table 3.1: Skin Corr. 1A; H314
1-Propene, homopolymer	9003-07-0	--	4,8 – 12,3 %	Not Classified
Amorphous/fused silica	60676-86-0	--	3,7 – 5,6 %	Not Classified
Polyvinyl Chloride	9002-86-2	--	2,6 %	Not Classified
Copper	7440-50-8	231-159-6	2,6 %	Self Classified: Repr. 2, H361; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit., H335
Steel	--	--	0,4 %	Not Classified
Tin	7440-31-5	231-141-8	0,3 %	Self Classified: STOT SE 3: Resp. Irrit., H335; STOT RE 2 (Lungs, Inhalation), H373; STOT RE 1 (CNS, Liver, Kidney), H372
Polycarbonate	27440-31-5	--	0,1 %	Not Classified

See Section 11 for Toxicological Information. See Section 16 for full text of H-statements and R-phrases.

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance; give artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device.
<b>Skin</b>	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.
<b>Eye</b>	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If signs/symptoms develop, get medical attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Do NOT induce vomiting. If conscious, drink large quantities of milk or water. Follow with milk of magnesia, beaten egg, egg whites or vegetable oil. Get medical attention immediately.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to Physician: All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

## SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

<b>Suitable Extinguishing Media</b>	Dry chemical or CO <sub>2</sub> .
<b>Unsuitable Extinguishing Media</b>	Water should not be used unless from a safe distance due to vigorous and exothermic reaction which will result.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

<b>Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards</b>	Hydrogen and oxygen gases are produced during normal battery operation and charging. These gases escape through the battery vents and may form an explosive atmosphere around the battery if ventilation is poor. Avoid open flame, sparks and other ignition sources in areas where batteries are used or stored.
<b>Hazardous Combustion Products</b>	Acid mists and vapors, toxic fumes from burning plastic.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear chemical protective clothing that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection. Fire fighters to wear acid-resistant full protective clothing, including rubber footwear and self-contained breathing apparatus.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

<b>Personal Precautions</b>	Do not walk through spilled material. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate enclosed areas. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe dusts or mists.
<b>Emergency Procedures</b>	As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 50 meters (150 feet) in all directions. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Do not get water inside container.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Avoid run off to waterways and sewers.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

<b>Containment/Clean-up Measures</b>	Stop leak if you can do it without risk. If battery is leaking, place battery in a heavy duty plastic bag. Contain spill by diking with soda ash, etc. Neutralize spill area with (soda ash or lime, dilute with acetic acid) Make certain mixture is neutral then collect residue and place in a drum or other suitable container.
--------------------------------------	---

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

Refer to Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection and Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling: Use only in well ventilated areas. Use caution when combining with water; DO NOT add water to corrosive liquid, ALWAYS add corrosive liquid to water while stirring to prevent release of heat, steam and fumes. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe mist, vapors, spray. Avoid direct conductive connection across positive and negative terminals to prevent short circuit. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Batteries should be kept in an upright position away from ignition sources. Stack batteries so as to prevent accidental contact between terminal and/or other damage to terminals or containers. Whenever feasible, store on shipping pallet or rack. Do not stack loaded pallets or racks on top of other batteries. Store in a cool/low temperature, well-ventilated place. Avoid storage in areas exposed to heat or solar buildup

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

Refer to Section 1.2 - Relevant identified uses.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1 Control parameters

	<b>Result</b>	<b>NIOSH</b>	<b>OSHA</b>
Tin (7440-31-5)	TWAs	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	Not established
Copper (7440-50-8)	TWAs	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (dust and mist); 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (fume)	0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (fume); 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA (dust and mist)
Polyvinyl Chloride (9002-86-2)	TWAs	Not established	Not established
Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)	TWAs	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA
Lead as Lead, Inorganic compounds	TWAs	0.050 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA	50 µg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA

### Key to abbreviations

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

## 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering Measures/Controls: Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

### Personal Protective Equipment

<b>Respiratory</b>	Follow the European Standard EN 149. Use a European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or symptoms are experienced.
<b>Eye/Face</b>	Wear eye/face protection - Chemical splash goggles, or - Full-face shield with safety glasses.
<b>Skin/Body</b>	Acid resistant clothing with rubber/neoprene boots for major spill clean-up. Acid resistant gloves such as rubber, neoprene, vinyl coated, PVC.
<b>Environmental Exposure Controls</b>	Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways. Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1 Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

<b>Material Description</b>			
Physical Form	Solid	Appearance/Description	Shaped article.
Color	Data lacking	Odor	Data lacking
Odor Threshold	Data lacking		
<b>General Properties</b>			
Boiling Point	Data lacking	Melting Point	Data lacking
Decomposition Temperature	Data lacking	pH	Data lacking
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	Data lacking	Water solubility	Data lacking
Viscosity	Data lacking	Explosive Properties	Not Explosive
Oxidizing Properties :	Not an oxidizer		
<b>Volatility</b>			
Vapor Pressure		Vapor Density	
Evaporation Rate			
<b>Flammability</b>			
Flash Point	Data lacking	UEL	Data lacking
LEL	Data lacking	Auto ignition	Data lacking
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not flammable.		
<b>Environmental</b>			
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Data lacking		

### 9.2 Other Information

No additional physical and chemical parameters noted.

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No Data Available

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Use only approved charging methods. Avoid overcharging. Avoid short-circuiting. Avoid sparks and other ignition sources. Do not open, break or melt the casing.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing or reducing agents.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Can emit highly toxic fumes when heated. Combustion can produce carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide. Will release an explosive hydrogen/oxygen gas mixture. Oxides of lead, lead and/or lead compounds may be released. Sulfuric acid may release sulfur dioxide and/or sulfur trioxide.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Components		
Sulfuric acid (15.8% to 20.5%)	7664-93-9	<b>Acute Toxicity:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat LD50 • 2140 mg/kg; Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 510 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 2 Hour(s); <b>Irritation:</b> Eye-Rabbit • 250 µg • Severe irritation; <b>Multi-dose Toxicity:</b> Inhalation-Rat TClO • 1.8 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 24 Hour(s) 65 Day(s)-Continuous; <i>Peripheral Nerve and Sensation:</i> <b>Recording from peripheral motor nerve; Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder: Changes in both tubules and glomeruli</b>
Polyvinyl Chloride (2.6%)	9002-86-2	<b>Tumorigen / Carcinogen:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 210 g/kg 30 Week(s)-Continuous; <i>Tumorigenic:</i> <b>Equivocal tumorigenic agent by RTECS criteria; Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration: Tumors; Skin and Appendages: Other: Tumors</b>
Copper (2.6%)	7440-50-8	<b>Reproductive:</b> Ingestion/Oral-Rat TDLo • 152 mg/kg (22W pre); <i>Reproductive Effects: Effects on Embryo or Fetus:</i> <b>Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus); Reproductive Effects: Specific Developmental Abnormalities: Central nervous system</b>

GHS Properties	Classification EU/CLP
Acute toxicity	Acute Toxicity - Oral 4 - ATEmix = 703.47 mg/kg
Aspiration Hazard	Classification criteria not met
Carcinogenicity	Classification criteria not met
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	Classification criteria not met
Skin corrosion/Irritation	Skin Corrosion 1A
Skin sensitization	Classification criteria not met
STOT-RE	Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Exposure 2
STOT-SE	Classification criteria not met
Toxicity for Reproduction	Toxic to Reproduction 1A
Respiratory sensitization	Classification criteria not met
Serious eye damage/Irritation	Classification criteria not met

Target Organs: Nervous System, Blood, Liver, Kidney

Route(s) of entry/exposure: Inhalation, Skin, Eye, Ingestion

## Potential Health Effects

### Inhalation

<b>Acute (Immediate)</b>	Lead - For industry, inhalation is much more important than is ingestion. Systemic effects include loss of appetite, anemia, malaise, insomnia, headache, irritability, muscle and joint pains, tremors, flaccid paralysis without anesthesia, hallucinations and distorted perceptions, muscle weakness, gastritis and liver changes. Major organ systems affected are the nervous system, blood system and kidneys. Experimental evidence suggests that blood levels of lead below 10 µg/dL can lower the IQ scores of children. Low levels of lead impair neurotransmission and immune system function and may increase systolic blood pressure. Reversible kidney damage can occur from acute exposure. Sulfuric Acid - Experimental poison by inhalation.
<b>Chronic (Delayed)</b>	Lead - Chronic exposure can lead to irreversible vascular sclerosis, tubular cell atrophy, interstitial fibrosis, and glomerular sclerosis. Very heavy intoxication can sometimes be detected by formation of a dark line on the gum margins. Sulfuric acid - Repeated or prolonged inhalation of sulfuric acid mist can cause inflammation of the upper respiratory tract, leading to chronic bronchitis. Severe exposure may cause chemical pneumonitis. Erosion of tooth enamel due to strong acid fume exposure has been observed in industry. Workers exposed to low concentrations of the vapors gradually lose their sensitivity to its irritating action. Occupational exposures to strong-acid mists containing sulfuric acid have been associated with several respiratory tract cancers. However, there is no animal data supporting the carcinogenicity of sulfuric acid. Sulfuric acid has been found to be non-mutagenic, and in two studies of workers employed in lead acid battery manufacture, no association between sulfuric acid mist exposure and respiratory tract cancers was observed.

### Skin

<b>Acute (Immediate)</b>	Sulfuric Acid - Extremely irritating, corrosive, and toxic to tissue, resulting in rapid destruction of tissue, causing severe burns. If much skin is involved, exposure is accompanied by shock, collapse and symptoms similar to those seen in severe burns. Repeated contact with dilute solutions can cause dermatitis.
<b>Chronic (Delayed)</b>	No Data Available

### Eye

<b>Acute (Immediate)</b>	Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Chronic (Delayed)</b>	No Data Available



## Ingestion

<b>Acute (Immediate)</b>	Lead - Poison by ingestion in large dosages and with prolonged exposure leading to the same effects as seen in exposure by inhalation. Adults absorb 5-15% of ingested lead and retain less than 5%. Children absorb about 50% and retain about 30%. Sulfuric Acid - Moderately toxic by ingestion.
<b>Chronic (Delayed)</b>	No Data Available

<b>Reproductive Effects</b>	Lead - Severe toxicity can cause sterility, abortion, and neonatal mortality and morbidity. Experimental teratogen. Experimental reproductive effects. Pathological lesions have been found on male gonads. Sulfuric Acid - Experimental teratogen.
<b>Carcinogenic Effects</b>	Repeated and prolonged exposure may cause cancer.

Carcinogenic Effects			
	CAS	IARC	NTP
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	Group 1-Carcinogenic	Not Listed
Lead	7439-92-1	Group 2A-Probable Carcinogen	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
Lead as Lead Compounds	NO DATA AVAILABLE	Not Listed	Reasonably Anticipated to be Human Carcinogen
Lead as Lead, inorganic compounds	NO DATA AVAILABLE	Group 2A-Probable Carcinogen	Not Listed

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Material data lacking.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Material data lacking.

### 12.4 Mobility in Soil

Material data lacking.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT and vPvB assessment has not been conducted for this material.

### 12.6 Other adverse effects

No studies have been found.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

<b>Product waste</b>	Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.
<b>Packaging waste</b>	Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

The non-spillable lead acid batteries used in these battery packs are:

- Certified by their manufacturers as capable of withstanding the IATA/ICAO Vibration and Pressure Differential Test and that at a temperature of 55 degrees Centigrade, the electrolyte will not flow from a ruptured or cracked case and there is no free liquid to flow. Schneider Electric only authorizes the use of batteries that meet these criteria. Applicable certifications and test reports are available upon request.
- Packaged in accordance with the requirements of ADR/RID special provision 598, IMDG special provision 238 and IATA-DGR special provision A67 when shipped inside a UPS or packaged in accordance with the requirements of ADR/RID special provision 598, IMDG special provision 238 and IATA-DGR special provision A67 when shipped inside a UPS or shipped in their original battery pack packaging. When they are shipped inside the UPS or in their original packaging, then they are:
  - o Secured in such a way that they cannot slip, fall or be damaged;
  - o When weighing greater than 2.5 kg, provided with carrying devices, unless they are suitably stacked, e.g. on pallets;
  - o Free of dangerous traces of alkalis or acids on the outside; and protected against short circuits.
  - o Outer packaging may be marked "NONSPILLABLE" or "NONSPILLABLE BATTERY." When not marked, the outer packaging needs to be marked with one of these two phrases.
  - o Shipment by air requires on Master Air Waybill the following endorsement in the "Nature and Quantity of Good" box: "Not Restricted as per Special Provision A67"

Please note that if the Battery Pack or UPS containing the Battery pack is not shipped in the original packaging or no longer meets any of the referenced requirements above, then the package must be shipped as follows:

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
DOT	UN2800	Batteries, Wet, Non-spillable	Hazard Class 8	Packing Group II	
TDG	UN2800	Batteries, Wet, Non-spillable	Hazard Class 8	Packing Group II	
IMO/IMDG	UN2800	Batteries, Wet, Non-spillable	Hazard Class 8	Packing Group II	
IATA/ICAO	UN2800	Batteries, Wet, Non-spillable	Hazard Class 8	Packing Group II	

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications: Acute Chronic

Component	CAS	EU EINECS	EU ENICS
1-Propene, homopolymer	9003-07-0	No	No
Amorphous/fused silica	60676-86-0	Yes	Yes
Calcium	7440-70-2	Yes	No
Copper	7440-50-8	Yes	No
Lead	7439-92-1	Yes	No
Polycarbonate	25037-45-0	No	No
Polyvinyl Chloride	9002-86-2	No	Yes
Sulfuric Acid	7664-93-9	Yes	No
Tin	7440-31-5	Yes	No

Battery pack containing sealed lead acid batteries

Page 10 to 11

Version: 1

Date: November, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2015

## 15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

Review date: November, 2<sup>nd</sup>, 2015

Version: 1

Relevant Phrases (code & full text)

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

H372 - Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

R36/37 - Irritating to eyes and respiratory system.

R38 - Irritating to skin.

R48/20 - Harmful: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

R63 - Possible risk of harm to the unborn child.

Every endeavor has been made to ensure that the information contained in this publication is reliable and offered in good faith. It is meant to describe the safety requirements of our products and should not be construed as guaranteeing specific properties. Customers are encouraged to conduct their own tests as end user suitability of the product for particular uses is beyond our control. The information is not intended as an inducement to bargain and no warranty expressed or implied is made as to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. Schneider Electric Incorporated accepts no liability for loss, injury or damage arising from reliance upon the information contained in this data sheet except in conjunction with the proper use of the product to which it refers. Due care should be taken that the use and disposal of this product is in compliance with appropriate Federal, State and Local Government regulations

#### Notice to reader

**To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.**